#### Autumn Term Newsletter—Key Stage One

English: Our text for this term: How to find gold <u>Potential writing outcomes:</u> Instructions Letter Story writing We will also be learning phonics, spelling, handwrit- ing, and sentence and grammar skills. Please find more information about this below as well as on the school website.	Maths: <u>Year 1</u> Place value (within 10) Addition and subtraction (within 10) Shape <u>Year 2</u> Place value Addition and subtraction Shape	<u>History</u> Christopher Columbus and Neil Armstrong <u>Science</u> Animals including humans <u>Art</u> Collage using textiles <u>Music</u>	Welcome back to a new school year; we hope that you have had a pleasant summer break and the children have settled well into their new classes. Here is an overview of the learning that we will be doing during Autumn 1 as well as information about routines in our classes. <b>PE kit:</b> Our PE days this term are: Golden and Puffin: Mondays and Thursdays Camelot, Dunkerton and Hook: Mondays and Fridays Children should wear their PE kit to school on the days that they have PE. Please see the newsletter and web- site for the current uniform requirements.
<b>Computing:</b>	<b>RE:</b>	<b>PE:</b>	
e-Safety: I am kind and responsible	What do Christians think	Yoga and leadership skills/	
Technology around us	God is like?	games	

#### Reading Books:

It is really important that children re-read books. When they first read a book, they will be focusing on working out what each word says. When they re-read books, they develop confidence, fluency, expression and understanding which are all key skills in reading. Reading books will be changed on **Fridays**. Please still bring your reading book and reading record into school **every day** as this will help us when we are reading with your child in school.

We are asking that every child reads at home five times a week; they will get a dojo point for completing this. Your child will come home with a decodable book (one they can read to you) and a sharing book (one that is read to them). Either book being read at home can be recorded in their reading record and counts as one of their five reads for that week.

#### Knowledge Organisers

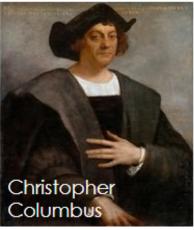
Knowledge organisers are a tool which summarise key facts and essential knowledge that we teach in school, linked to the National Curriculum. Every time your child starts a new a new unit of work they will be given a knowledge organiser. This is essentially a "fact sheet" for the topic. You can support your child by discussing the information on the knowledge organisers with your son or daughter and quizzing them on what they know. If you require a paper copy, please message your child's class teacher on Class Dojo to arrange this.

## History - What is an explorer?

#### Knowledge

- Neil Armstrong landed on the moon in 1969.
- Armstrong was the first man to walk on the moon.
- o Christopher Columbus was an Italian explorer.
- Columbus's explorations led to the colonisation of the New World (The Americas).

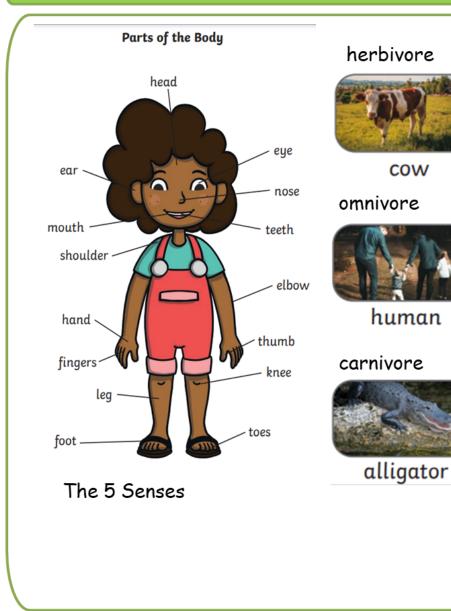




Key term	Meaning	
Explorer	Someone who makes journeys to new or treacherous places and makes records of their travels.	
Neil Armstrong	An American explorer who landed on the moon.	
Christopher Columbus	An Italian explorer who went on sea voyages to discover new lands.	
Past	What has happened in the time before now (the present).	
Differences	Things that are not the same.	
Sources	Pictures and stories that tell us about the past.	

# Year One Science – Animals including Humans

# What are the 5 senses?



#### Vocabulary

Human – a person – a baby, child or adult

Skeleton - bones inside a body

Carnivore - animals that mostly eat other animals

Omnivore – animals that eat plants and other animals

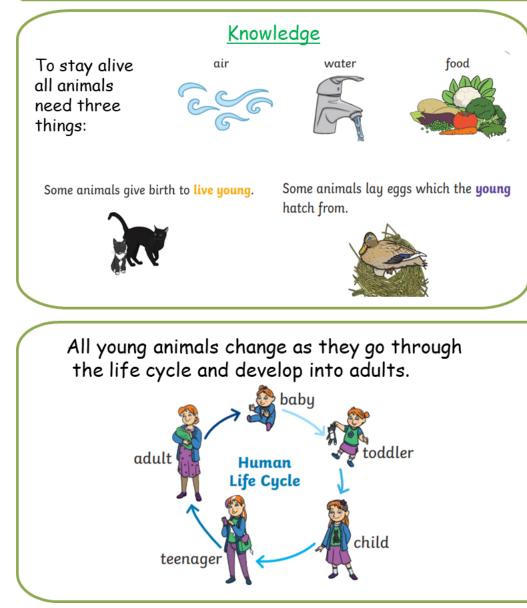
Herbivore - animals that only eat plants

#### Knowledge

- Animals have different skin coverings - fur, feather, hair, scales.
- Animals can be sorted lots of different ways - by what they eat, where they live, what they look like.

## Year Two Science – Animals including Humans

# How do I know something is alive?



#### Vocabulary

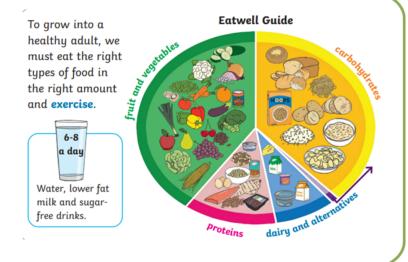
Life cycle - changes animals go through to become an adult

Off-spring - the baby of an animal

Diet - the food and water an animal needs

Nutrition - food needed to live

Hygiene - how we keep clean to stay healthy and stop germs spreading Develop - grow bigger and stronger



## RE Knowledge Organiser - What do Christians believe God is like?

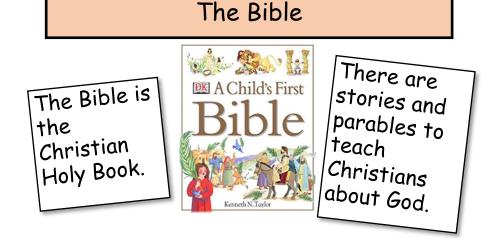


## Core Knowledge

- Christians believe in God, and that they find out about God in the Bible.
- Christians believe God is loving, kind, fair and forgiving, and also Lord and King.
- Some stories show these Christian beliefs.
- Christians worship God and try to live in a way that pleases him.

## Key Vocabulary

God	Christians believe that God is the creator of the world. They believe he is loving, forgiving, all-knowing and powerful.
parable	A story told by Jesus to help people learn and understand ideas. They often have a hidden meaning so we need to think about them.
Bible	The Christian holy book which teaches Christians about
Jesus	Christians believe He is the son of God.
forgive	If you forgive someone, you stop being angry with them.



### The Lost Son

The Lost Son is a parable told by Jesus with a hidden meaning about God's love. It is sometimes known as The Loving Father.



## Jonah



The story of Jonah and the Whale teaches Christians about God's mercy, forgiveness and second chances.

## Computing Knowledge Organiser - Technology around us

### Key Vocabulary

Technology	Technology is anything made by people to help us.
Screen	The screen shows what the computer is doing.
Keyboard	The keyboard lets you type letters and numbers.
Mouse	The mouse lets you select and move objects. On a laptop,
Base unit	The base unit stores and processes information.

### Examples of technology







#### Rules for using computer technology

- Hold your device carefully
- Stop using your device when someone is talking to you
- Take turns with your partner
- Use only the apps you have been asked to used
- Don't share your passwords

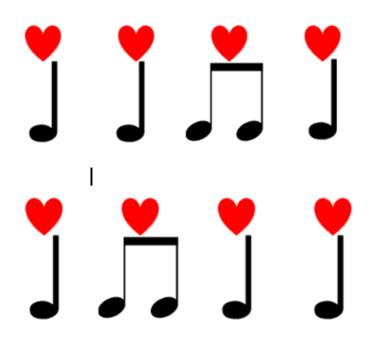


# Music - Rhythm

#### <u>Knowledge</u>

- Rhythm and pulse are different.
- Pulse stays steady throughout the music.
- Rhythm can change and is made up of lots of different length notes.

## Can you clap these rhythms?



### Vocabulary

- Rhythm- a pattern made of long and short notes
- Pulse- constant heartbeat thudding through the music

Pitch - high and low sounds





## Art Knowledge Organiser - What is Collage?

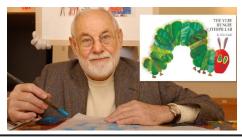
## Knowledge



Eric Carle

Collage artists

Examples of art



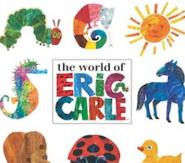
#### Icarus, 1944

The snail,



Henri Matisse, 1953





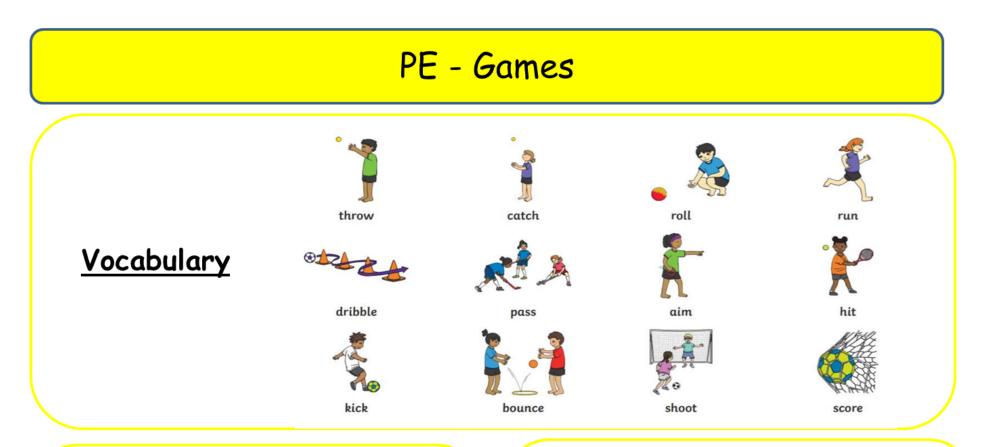


A collage is a piece of art made from different pieces of paper, photos and other materials.

- The term collage was made up by two 20th Century artists, Pablo ٠ Picasso and George Braque.
- Eric Carle's art is created using the collage technique. He hand • painted tissue paper and them cuts and layers them to form bright

Key Vocabulary

Collage	Art in which bits of pieces of paper or fabric have been pasted onto a 2-D surface.
Cut-out	The shape of a person or object that has been cut out from paper or card.
Layer	An amount of something that covers the surface.
technique	A way of doing something or a particular skill.
back- ground	The part of the picture that is behind the main things or people.
Artist	someone who draws, paints or creates sculptures as a job or hobby.
Illustra- tor	The person who draws the pictures in a book.
Abstract art	Art that doesn't represent reality, but uses shapes, col- ours and textures for effect.



### <u>Knowledge</u>

- We can send and receive a ball by throwing, hitting or kicking it
- Rules make a game fair
- A referee makes sure the rules are followed
- We need to warm up our muscles before exercise to prevent injury

## **Sporting Values**

